

Electrodynamics, spring 2008

Exercise 3 (7.2., 8.2.; Friday group in English)

1. An insulating sphere (radius R) has a radial polarisation: $\mathbf{P} = P_0 \mathbf{r}$ ($P_0 = \text{constant}$). There are no other sources of the electric field.
 - a) Calculate the polarisation charge density inside the sphere and at its surface. Show that the total charge of the sphere is zero.
 - b) Calculate the electric field and electric displacement everywhere.
2. An infinitely wide insulating plate (thickness d , permittivity ϵ) is placed in a uniform electric field \mathbf{E} , so that the angle between \mathbf{E} and the normal of the disk is θ . Determine the polarisation charge density induced at the surface of the plate.
3. There is a constant background electric field \mathbf{E}_0 in a uniform material (permittivity ϵ_1). There is also a long cylinder (permittivity ϵ_2 , radius R) whose axis is perpendicular to the background field. Calculate the electric field everywhere.
4. The inner radius of a coaxial cable is a . It is surrounded by an insulator (relative permittivity ϵ_r) up to radius b . Then there is air until the outer surface of the cable at radius c . The voltage between the inner and outer surfaces is V . Determine the largest electric field inside this system.
5. Thunderstorms maintain continuously such a negative charge at the Earth's surface that the vertical electric field at the surface is about 100 V/m.
 - a) How large is the surface charge density and the total charge? Assume a uniform distribution.
 - b) How long could the energy associated with the surface charge provide electricity at the power of 15 GW? (This is the largest electric power consumption measured in Finland.)
 - c) Why do we not get electric shocks, although the field is quite large?
6. Extra problem (one point): A car creates a good shield against lightning strokes. However, why is it wise to wait for a few minutes after a stroke before leaving the car?

Return the answers until Tuesday 5.2. 12 o'clock.

A study group ("opintopiiri") has been established for this course. It is held on Mondays at 12-14 in the lecture room D110, starting on January 28. The other dates are given on the homepage (changes are possible).